



**PCCI**

*Pioneering New Ways to Health*

## Artificial Intelligence for SDoH

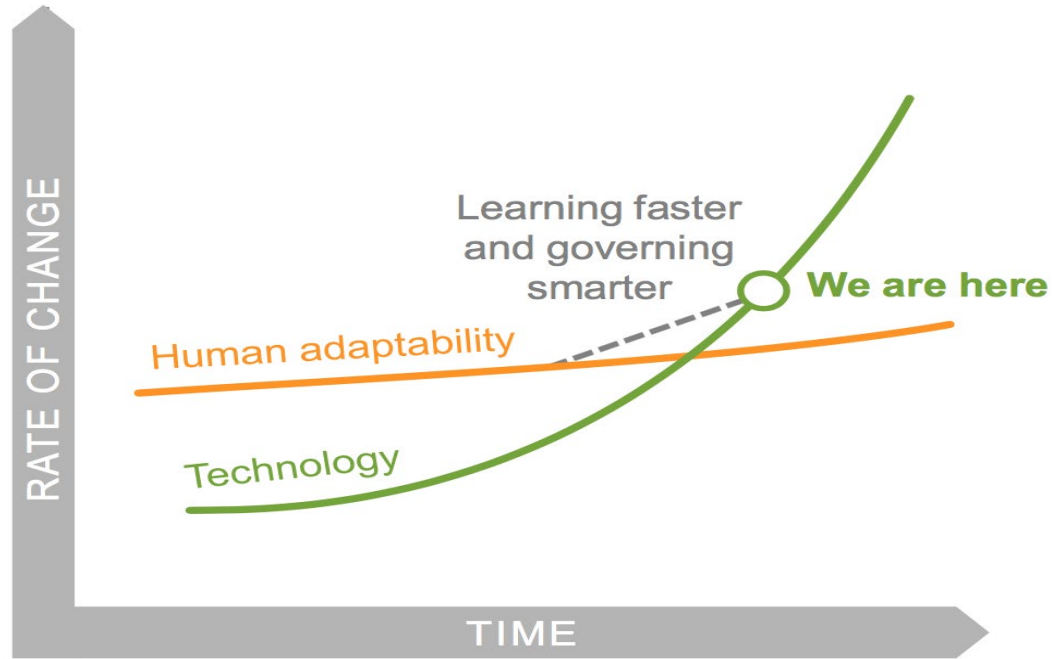
Steve Miff, PhD

**November 15, 2019**



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- Key Innovations Driving Healthcare Digital Innovation
  - SDoH Applications and Case Studies

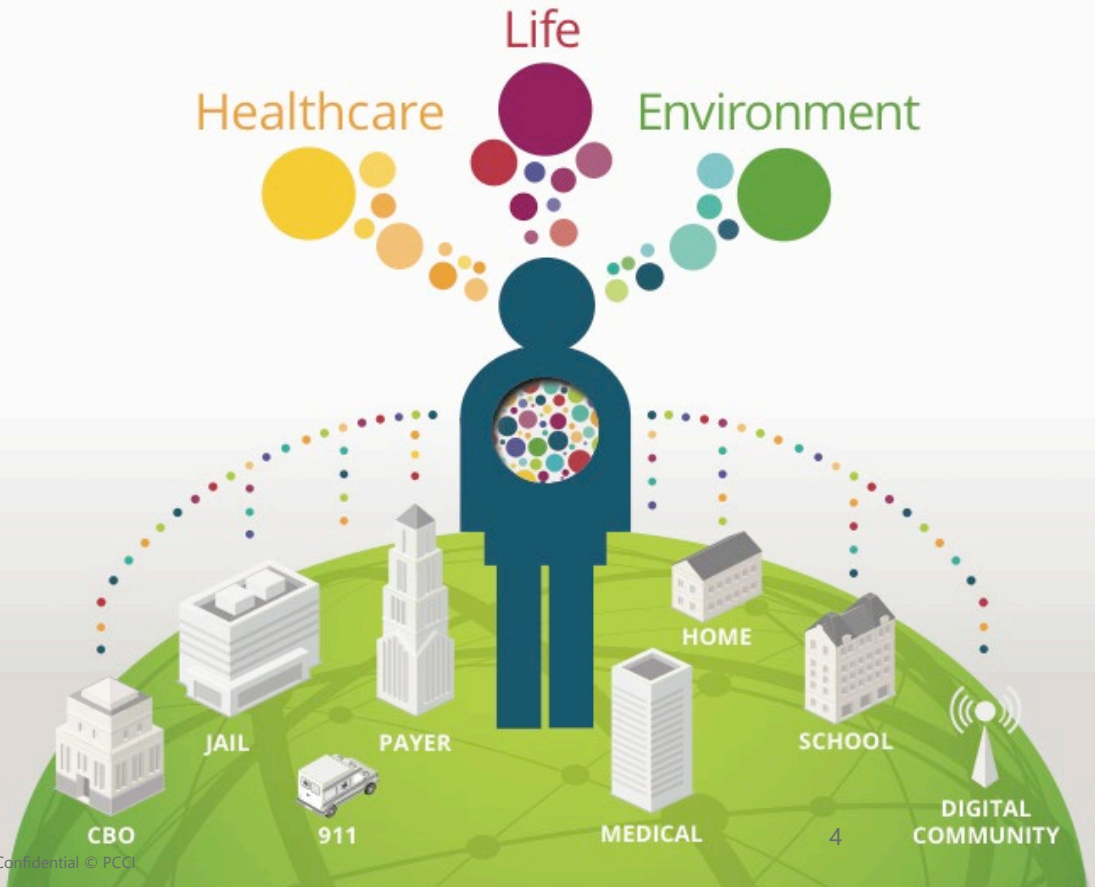
# HEALTHCARE INNOVATION IS GROWING FASTER THAN EVER



Source: Adapted from Sg2 and Friedman T. *Thank You for Being Late, An Optimist's Guide to Surviving in an Age of Acceleration*. Farrar, Straus & Giroux: 2016.



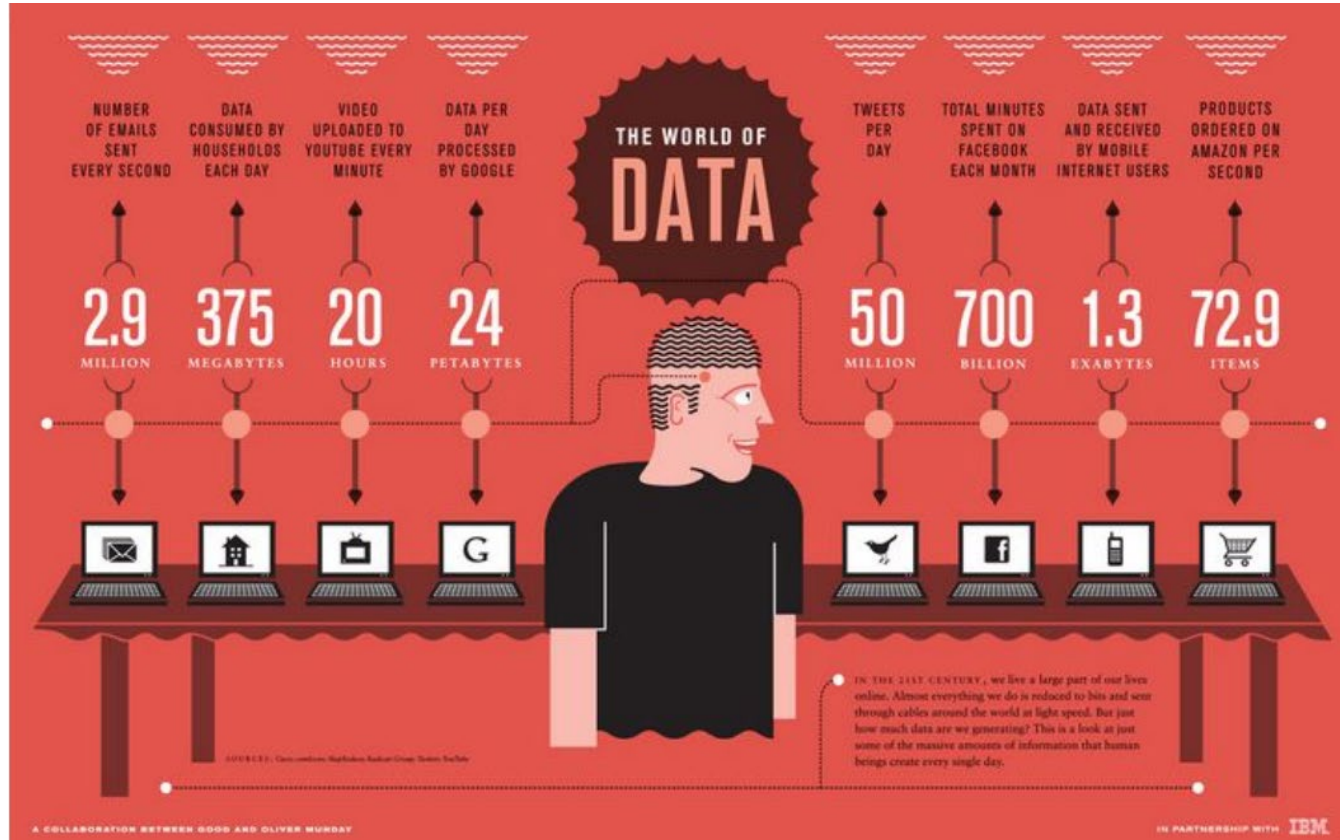
# SOCIAL DETERMINANTS OF HEALTH



...health begins where we live, learn, work, play and pray.



# THE RAPIDLY EXPANDING WORLD OF "LIFE" DATA



# EXPANDING WORLD OF SOCIAL DETERMINANTS OF HEALTH DATA



Health vs. Healthcare



SDoH data comes in many forms, but it's critical to population health.

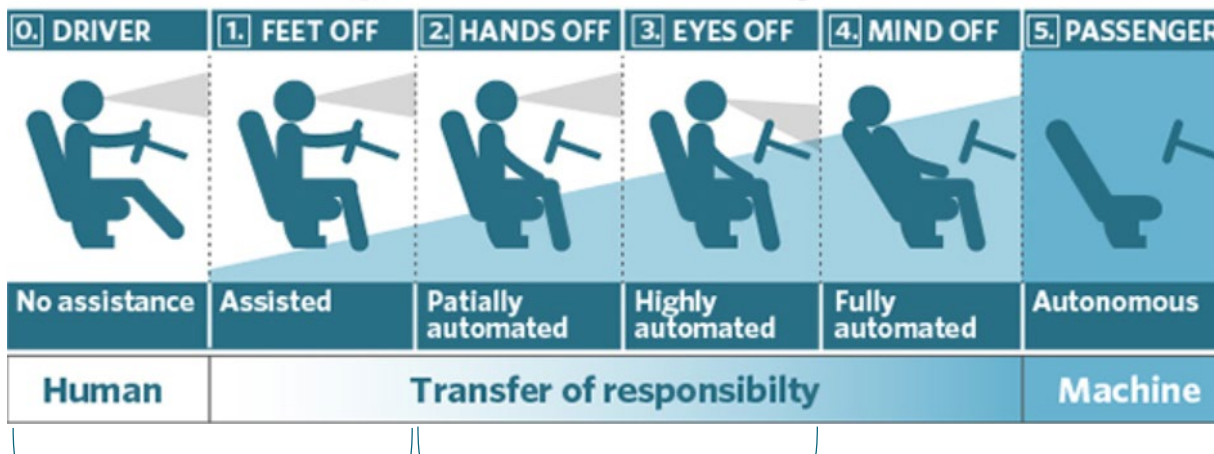


# SDoH REQUIRES ADVANCED ANALYTICS CAPABILITIES



## APPLYING THE DRIVERLESS CAR FRAMEWORK TO HEALTHCARE AI (referred and adapted from Eric Topol, MD)

### The five stages of autonomy



We are here in healthcare

For clinical care we won't get beyond this. Back-office/admin workflows may get more automated

# AI AND PRESCRIPTIVE ANALYTICS REQUIRE NEW ECOSYSTEMS



**Physical Sciences**



**End User Insights**



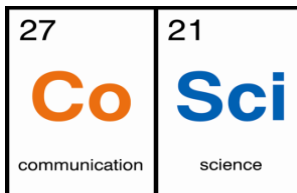
**Next-Gen Measures**



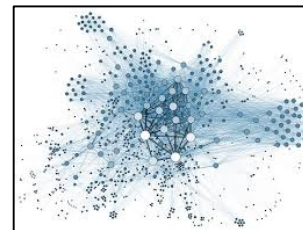
**Data Science strengths need to be complemented with other capabilities**



**Data Science Excellence**



**Communication Science**



**Next-Gen Data Visualization**



**Data Emersion [AR/VR]**

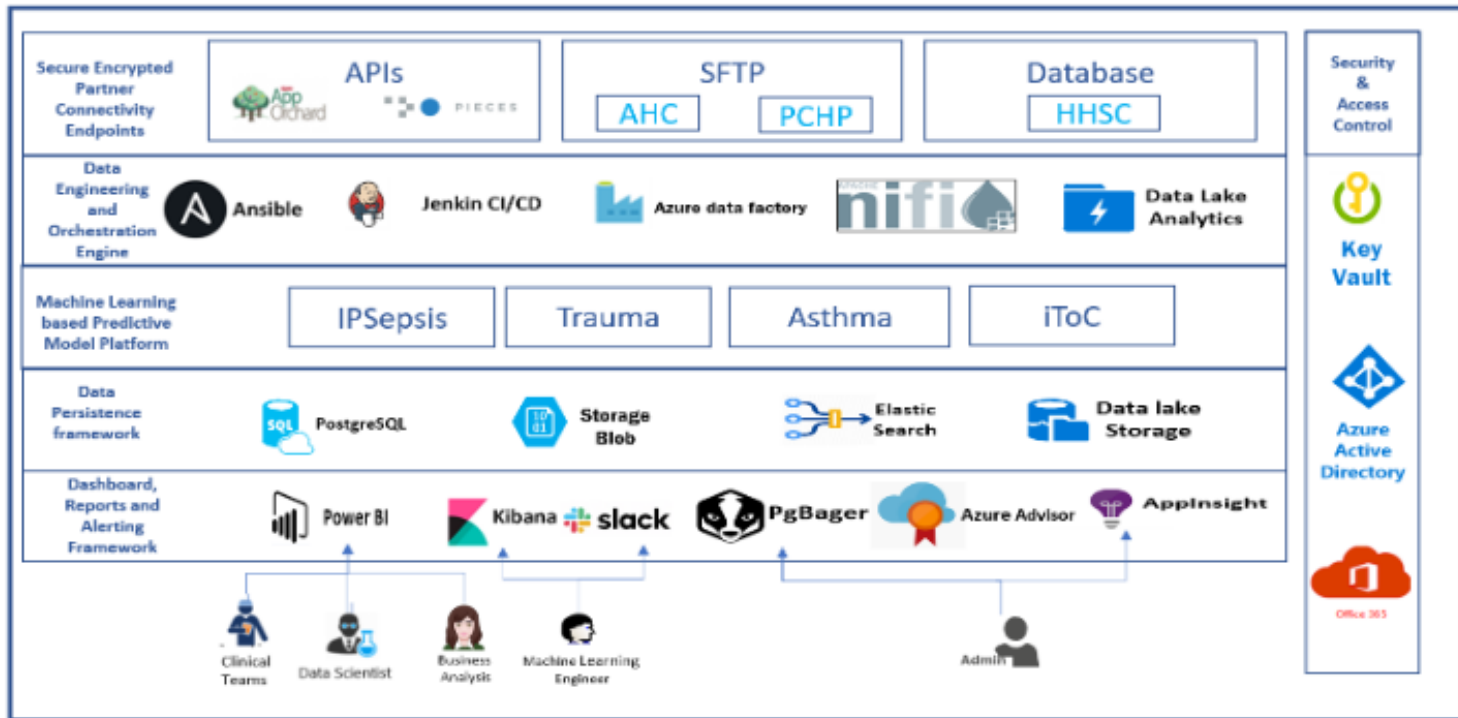


**Disruptive/Enabling Platforms**





# TECHNOLOGY INFRASTRUCTURE EXAMPLE: PCCI ISTHMUS



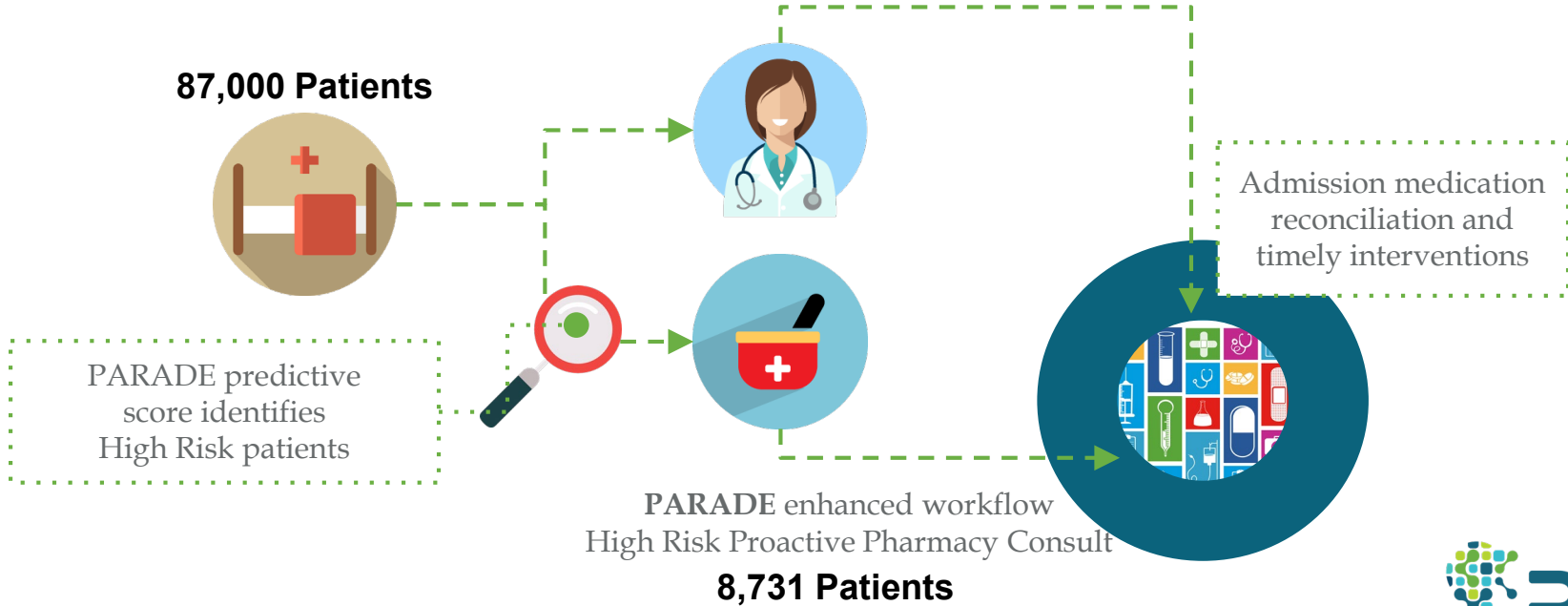


- 
- Preventing Adverse Drug Events (PARADE)

# PARADE: IP WORKFLOW



## PROVIDER initiated consult



# MEDICAL RECORD INTERFACE



Service Teams	Patient Same Name/Age/	MRN	Unit	Room/Bed	Bed Request Status	Isolation	Language	Pharmacy Consults	Pharmacy Consult (Acknowledged)	Rx Med Hx Risk Score	Rx Med Hx Risk Rev	Rx Adm Med Hx
Hospitalist A	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	SEVEN PLASTIC SURG	07-637/01	—	—	Spanish	—	—	1.19	Never reviewed	✗
Hospitalist A			FIVE INSULIN ACU	05-636/01	—	—	Spanish	—	—	1.75	Never reviewed	✗
Hospitalist A			SIX BACU	06-613/01	—	—	English	TCU - CHF (ONLY for TCU Nurses) 11/01/2017		1.04	Never reviewed	✗

<b>Medications:</b>	0.69
Insulin:	0.8
Phenytoin:	
Fentanyl Patches:	
Metolazone:	
Methadone:	
Clozapine:	
PTA Meds Equals to 0 or Greater than 12 :	-0.1
Missing Dose or Sig:	-0.01
Anticoagulants on PTA:	
Coumarins on PTA:	
Antihyperglycemics on PTA:	

<b>Disease States:</b>	1.2
Diabetes Mellitus:	0.2
Chronic Lung Disease:	
Heart Failure:	0.65
Renal Failure:	0.35
Liver Disease:	
Substance Abuse:	

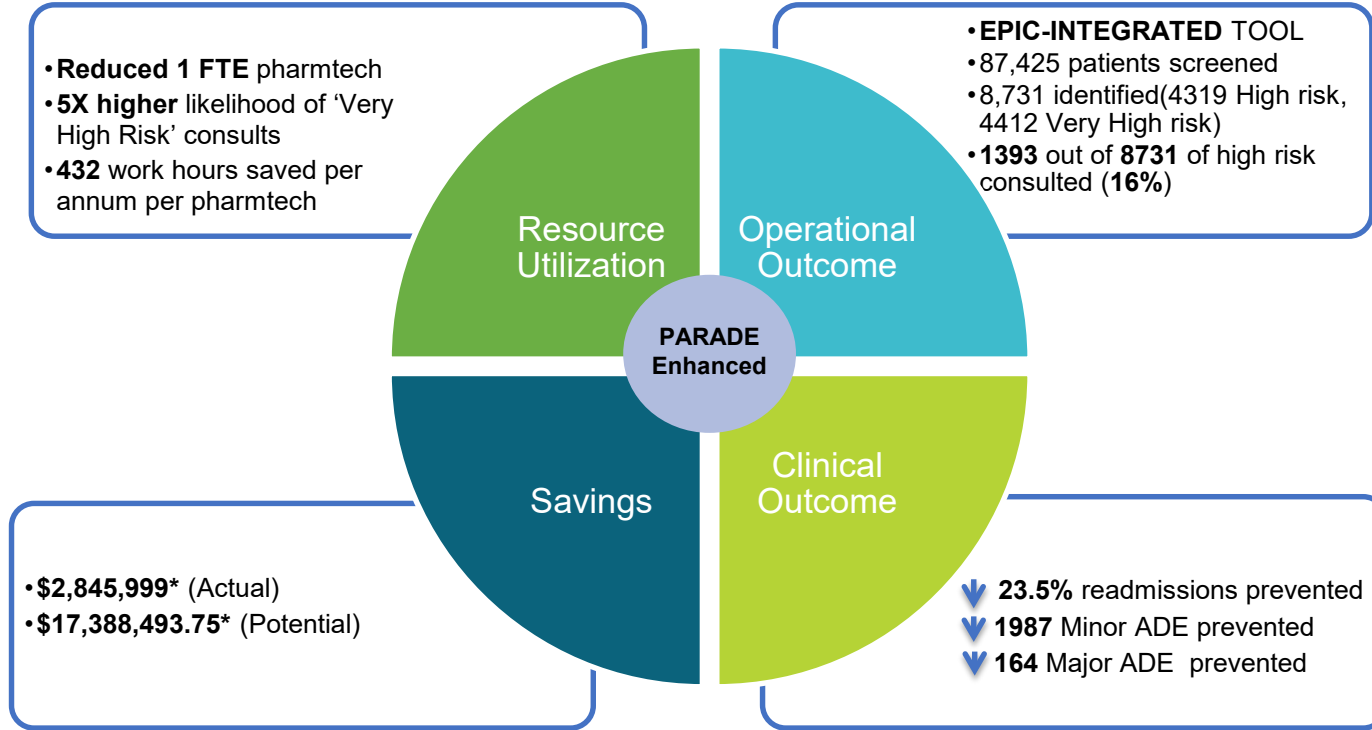
<b>Other Criteria:</b>	-0.14
Less than 25 or Greater than 50 Years:	0.35
Greater than 3 Hospitalizations:	
Greater than 3 ED Visits:	
Self Pay:	
Payor = Inmate:	
Admit from Clinic:	
Greater than 3 Outpatient Visits:	-0.5
Non-English Speaking:	0.01
Admit from Hospital:	
Admit from SNF:	



# PARADE Impact



Go-live since June 12<sup>th</sup> 2017



\*AHRQ estimates based on cost of ADE prevented and HCUP\_AHRQ estimates, through reduction in 30-day readmission rate





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- Connecting Clinicians with Community Based Organizations to Address SDOH

# THE SDOH MODEL

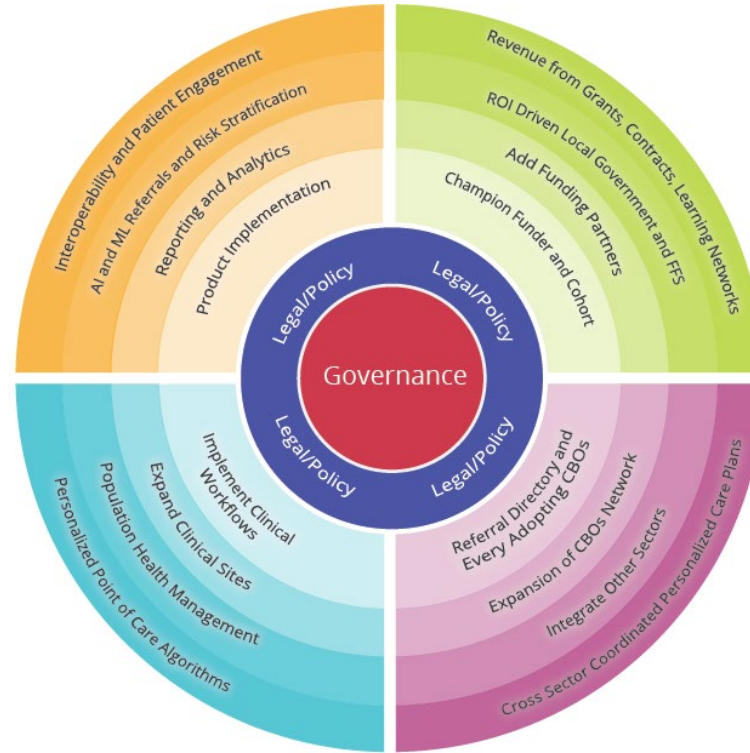


## Technology

Pieces Iris™ technology to create bi-directional exchange of information, smart referrals and individual tracking.

## Clinical

Build clinical workflows and utilize predictive analytics and AI to prevent readmissions, save lives and reduce healthcare costs.



## Sustainability

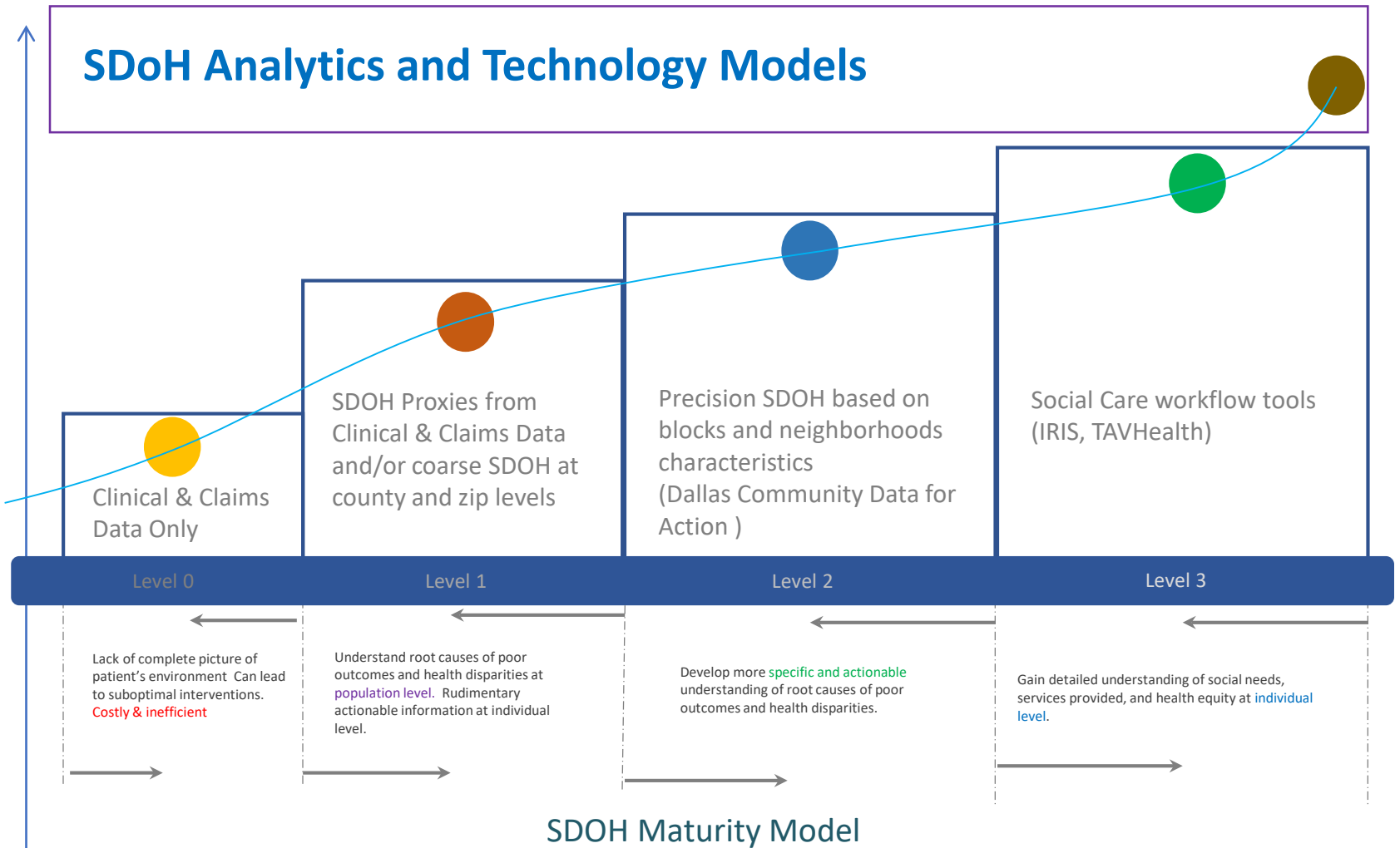
ROI and SROI to support ecosystem to provide better healthcare to the individuals in their communities. Strive to improve healthcare trends across the national continuum.

## Community

Develop CBO workflows and understand SDOH's impact on quality of life and how connected communities build a support system for a path to self sufficiency.

# SDoH Analytics and Technology Models

VALUE TO PATIENT & SYSTEM





# DALLAS COMMUNITY DATA FOR ACTION



# DALLAS COMMUNITY DATA FOR ACTION [DCDA] HELPS LEADERS VISUALIZE SOCIAL DETERMINANTS OF HEALTH



## HEALTHY NORTH TEXAS

COMMUNITY HEALTH COLLABORATIVE EXPLORE DATA SEE HOW WE COMPARE LOCATE RESOURCES & FUNDING LEARN MORE



### Dallas Community Wide Data Initiative

This poverty alleviation project is funded through the State of Texas through its Community Services Block Grant (CSBG) Program to the Community Council of Greater Dallas (CCGD).

The Institute for Urban Policy Research (IUPR) at the University of Texas at Dallas (UTD) is leading this project with partner organizations Parkland Center for Clinical Innovation (PCCI) and the Dallas Fort Worth Hospital Council Research and Education Foundation (DFWHCF).

The scope of this project includes building a proof of concept CWDI that 1) supports collaboration and cost-reduction activities among agencies and organizations that work to alleviate poverty in Dallas County, and 2) provides a system to measure the progress of poverty alleviation efforts in Dallas County in following key areas:

#### Explore Individual Indicators



Measures of Resilience



Measures of Commitment



Measures of Amenities

Use Dashboards to Explore How Indicators Interact and Impact the Dallas Community



Explore All Indicators



Education Indicators



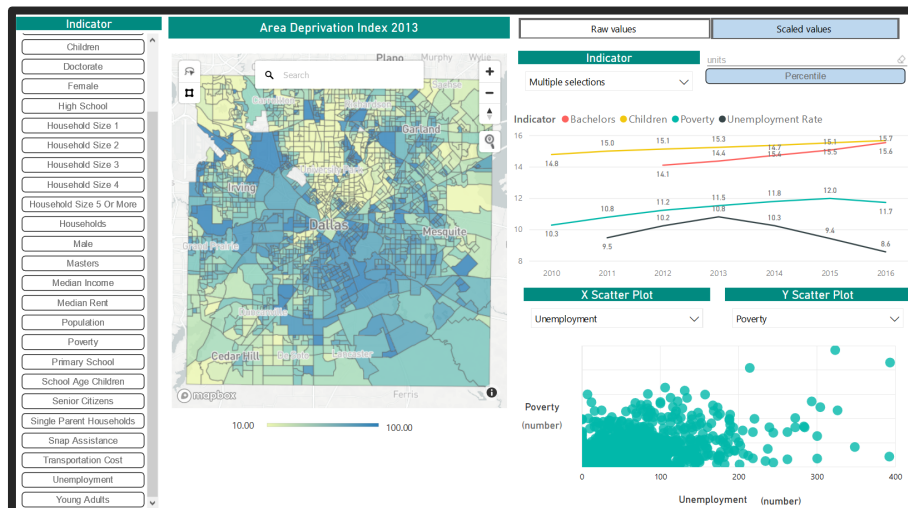
Community Service Indicators



Health Indicators



Economic & Public Safety Indicators



School Age Children With Low SNAP

Measures of Resilience

Area Deprivation Index

Explore Specific Neighborhoods

DCDA - Dallas Community Data for Action. DCDA was developed by PCCI in collaboration with Community Council of Greater Dallas, UTD Public Health and the DFWHC Foundation. It was in part funded by the CCGD through a block grant.



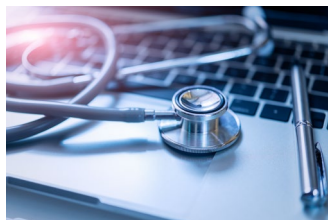
# SDoH INTEGRATION TO IDENTIFY AT RISK POPULATIONS: MEDICAID PRETERM BIRTH PREVENTION PROGRAM



## ML Based Risk Stratification, Care Re-Design and Personal Engagement



Increased prenatal care attendance



Increased timely, evidence-based interventions



Increased patient engagement



Preterm birth

By going upstream to provide outstanding prenatal care and patient engagement, PCCI can help providers decrease preterm birth rates, leading to:

- Healthier mothers and babies
- Better health outcomes and shorter LOS
- Cost savings for patients, providers, and payers

Metric	Improvement
Prenatal Visit Attendance	<b>24% (p=0.013)*</b>
Preterm Birth Rate	<b>27%</b>
Baby Cost PMPM	<b>54%</b>
Normalized Total Baby Cost	<b>\$1.03 million</b>



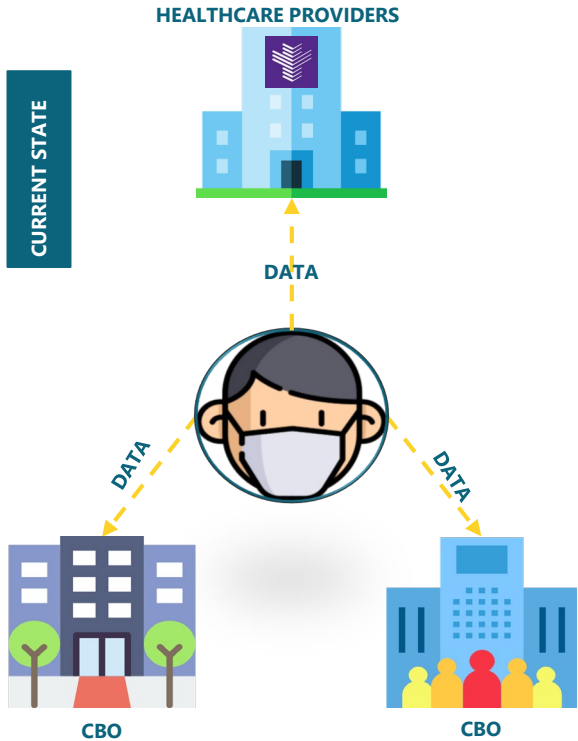
# CONNECTED COMMUNITIES OF CARE



# CONNECTING COMMUNITIES



Partnering with the organizations that provide care to the community



## Connected Communities of Care (CCC)

*A program focused on addressing the health and social needs of a community by connecting healthcare providers and community organizations to coordinate the communication and care for individuals.*

### CCC Readiness Assessment

A robust needs assessment that **creates the roadmap** for CCC program implementation by identifying:

- Areas of need
- Readiness of Community Resources
- Current gaps in services and workflows

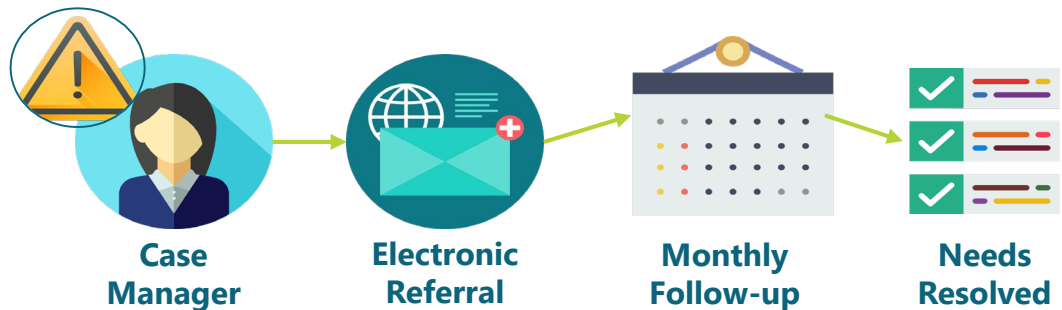
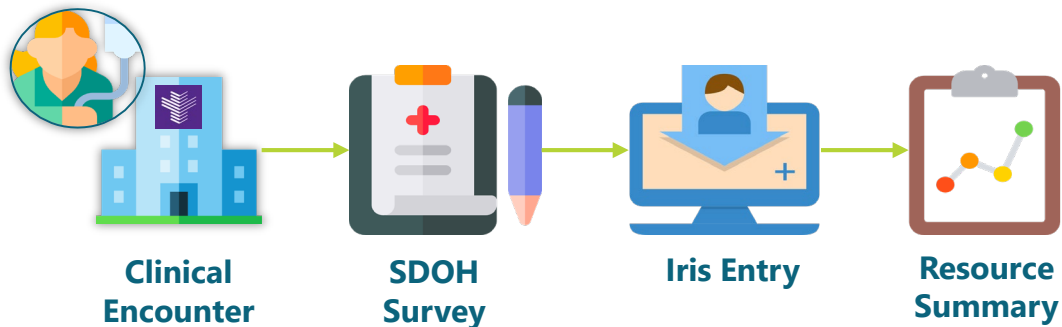
### CCC Playbook

Resource that outline and **address every track required for the implementation** of the program including:

- Legal/Policy & Governance
- Clinical/Community Workflows
- Sustainability
- Technology



# CONNECTING PEOPLE WITH CLINICAL AND SDOH NEEDS



## Program Objective

*The Accountable Health Communities Model tests whether systematically identifying and addressing the health-related social needs of Medicare and Medicaid beneficiaries' through screening, referral, and community navigation services will impact health care costs and reduce health care utilization.*

## Core Needs Addressed

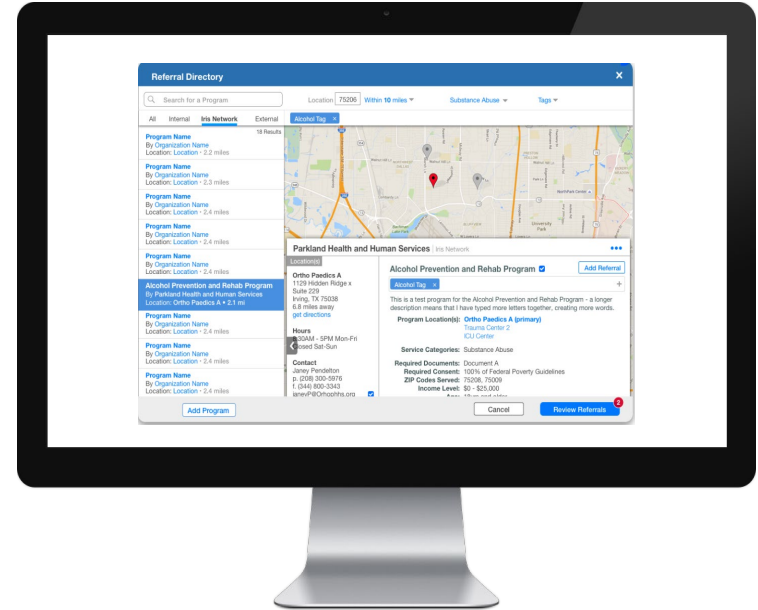
Housing • Utilities  
Food • Transportation  
Safety



# CONNECTING SDoH NEEDS TO COMMUNITY RESOURCES



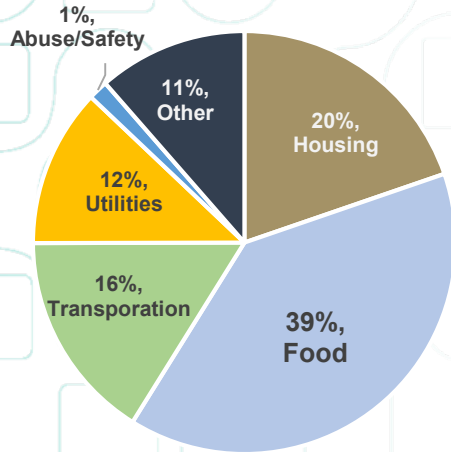
- Cloud-based: accessible anywhere you get the internet
- Updated geo-mapped, referral directory
- Simple, configurable intake forms
- Security:
  - HIPAA compliant
  - 2-factor security
- Multiple levels of consent
- Multiple user roles to handle sensitive information
- Custom quick reports
- Training, legal documents, workflows



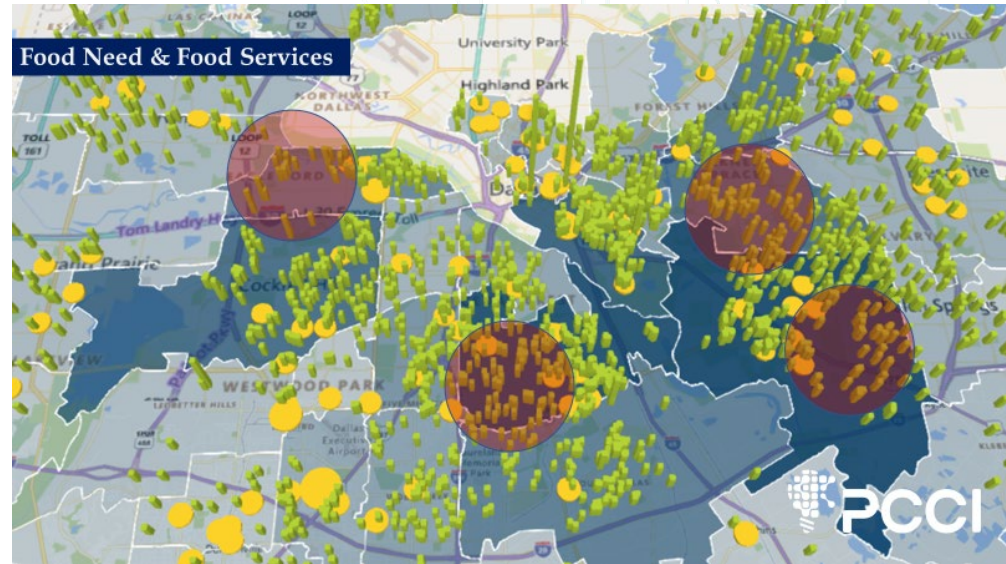
# WHEN DATA SPEAKS- COMMUNITY



Food, Housing and Transportation Continue to be the Greatest Reported Needs



Across the AHC Zip Codes, we are seeing on average 2.4 needs per person

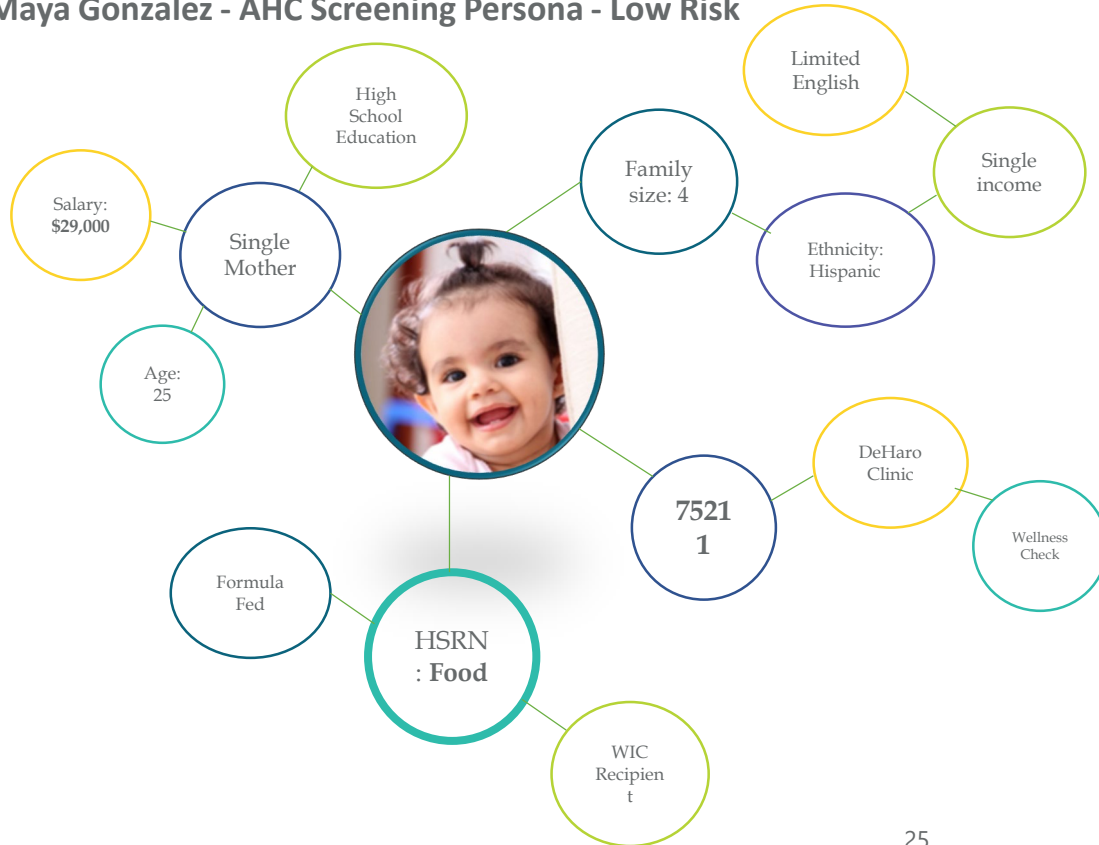




# WHEN DATA SPEAKS- PERSON



## Maya Gonzalez - AHC Screening Persona - Low Risk



AHC Cohort	
In Zip Code 75211	11%
Age < 10	75%
Age = 1	38%
Female	50%
Any Needs	40%
Food Need	70%
AHC Cohort, Age < 10 - Zip Code 75211	
Race/Ethnicity - Hispanic	89%
Preferred Language - Spanish	56%
Visit Reason - Immunization	42%
Visit Reason - Well Child Check	35%
Nutrition – Exclusively formula-fed	48%
Family is on WIC	75%
PHHS Pregnant Women - Zip Code 75211	
Marital Status - Single	49%
Median age	25
2017 ACS - Zip Code 75211	
Average Family Size	4.1
Family Type – Female Head of Household	43%
Education – High School Diploma Only	62%
Occupation Type (Female Only) – Sales & Office Occupations	36%
Median Family Income (1 female in labor force)	\$25,554
Hispanic Origin - Mexican	79%
Owner-occupied houses	50%
Limited English-Speaking Households	43%

# CASE STUDY: CHRONIC CONDITIONS AND FOOD INSECURITY



## Objective

The objective for the project is to decrease adverse health events among food insecure and under-resourced populations with hypertension or diabetes in the Dallas metropolitan area by improving multisector care coordination through data sharing and collaboration between the Parkland Health & Hospital System (PHHS) and hunger relief agencies that regularly serve this population.

## Results

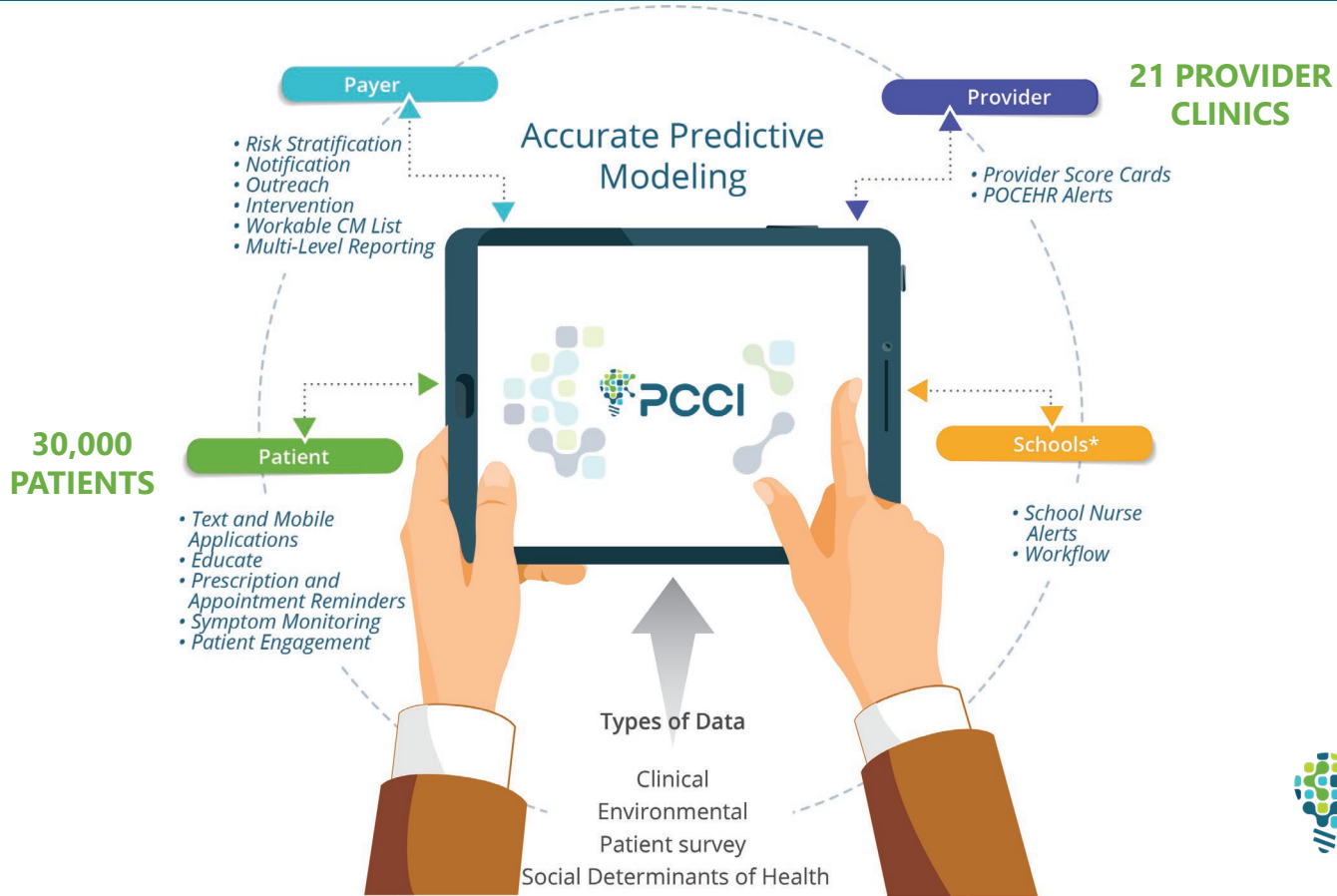
- 8% drop in ED visits vs 46% increase in non-intervention group
- 90% agree or strongly agree the program – and the support from the CBOs – has made them more able to manage their disease, fill their prescriptions and keep clinic appointments





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- Developing a Multi-Channel SDoH Model

# MULTI-CHANNEL PROGRAM FRAMEWORK



# RESULTS... \$24M in Savings

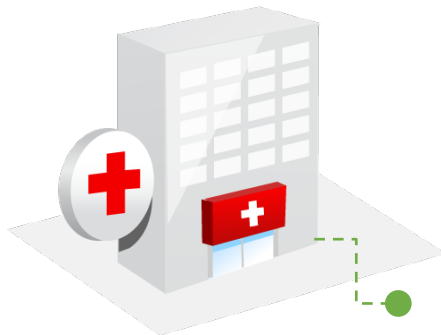


## Clinical Improvement



- **32% - 50%** improvement in asthma controller medication prescription
- **15%** improvement in the asthma medication ratio (*HEDIS metric*)
- **Patient engagement** - **70%** high satisfaction and engagement score

## Utilization Improvement



- **31%** drop in annual rates of asthma ED visits
- **42%** drop in annual rates of asthma inpatient admissions

## Financial Improvement

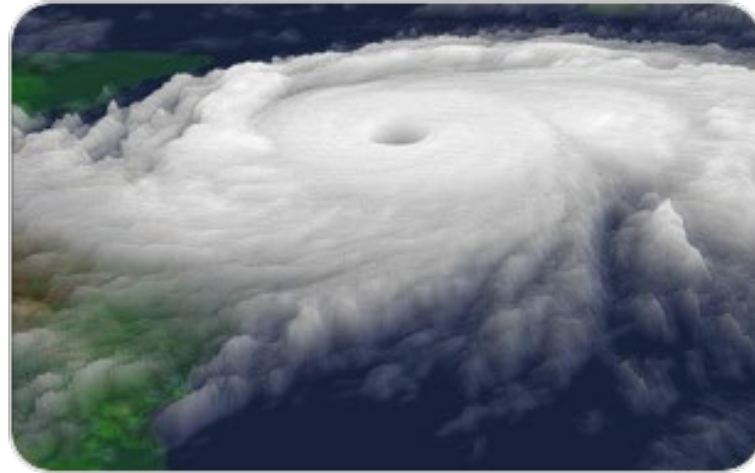


**40%** drop in total annual costs  
**\$24M** savings



- **SDoH** will evolve into **PDoH** – *Personal Determinants of Health*
- PDoH will:
  - Be broadly integrated into *Cognitive Health Records* and built into AI-based risk predictive models
  - Evolve to integrate pharmacogenetic/genetic based data and measures of self-care capacity
  - Enhance access via digital connected communities
- Bridging isolation (mental and physical) will be a key focus

# CHOLUTECA BRIDGE, HONDURAS



## 1998 Hurricane Mitch

- Rained 75 inches in less than four days
- Destroyed 150 bridges in Honduras
- Did not destroy the Choluteca Bridge





“The graceful arches of the Choluteca Bridge stand abandoned, a white concrete sculpture far from shore, linking nothing to nowhere.

The Choluteca Bridge itself is perfect... except that it now straddles dry land.”

*“We Can Do It If....” Vs. “We Can’t Do It Because...”*







# THANK YOU

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